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Lisbon, Auguſt 13. *N. S.*

THE Preparations for War are continued here with great Application. Sir *Cloudeſly Shovell*, with the Fleet under his Command, came to an Anchor in *Caſcaes* Road the 4th Inſtant, and having taken in Water and other Neceſſaries, and been joined by 7 great Ships he expected from *England*, he ſailed from thence the 11th in the morning, in order to continue his Voyage.

Vienna, Auguſt 11. Our Advices from *Tirol* ſay, the Duke of *Vendoſme* having forced a Paſs in the Mountain called *Monte-Baldo*, which was defended by a Body of Imperialiſts, under General *Vaubonne*, was advanced into that Country as far as *Trent*, and was encamped on a Hill on the Weſt ſide of the *Adige*, over-againſt that City; whereupon the Generals *Solari* and *Vaubonne* being joined together, had poſted their Troops along the River, to hinder the *French* from paſſing it, and expected further Reinforcements, which it is hoped will enable them to hinder the Enemy from making any further Impreſſion on that ſide. We hear from *Hungary*, that the Rebels who ſide with *Rogotzi* having got together a ſecond time, had ſurpriſed the little Town of *Kallo*, and committed great Ravages thereabours; But they write from *Arath* of the 4th Inſtant, that the Militia and Country People having taken up Arms, had defeated them in two Rencounters, one near *Great Waradin*, whither a Body of the Rebels being advanced, 1000 of them were killed on the place, and the reſt were diſperſed; and the other near *Biſſay*, where they loſt 300 Men, and were afterwards purſued as far as *Dioſeck*.

Ratisbonne, Auguſt 16. The Elector of *Bavaria* is ſtill poſted at *Mitterwaldt* with the remains of his Army. Prince *Lewis* of *Baden* continues in his former Camp, as does alſo the Marſhal *de Villars*: The former has detached the greateſt part of the Left Wing of his Army higher up the *Danube*, in order (as is thought) to reinforce the Count *de la Tour*, who is ſtill in the ſame Poſt near *Manderkingen*. The Body of the Enemy which is poſted on that ſide to obſerve him has been joined by two Regiments of *Bavarian* Cuiraſſiers. The Magiſtrates of the City of *Augsbourg* have put themſelves into a poſture of Defence, for fear of being ſurpriſed by the *French*.

Francfort, Auguſt 19. The Duke of *Burgundy*'s Army is marching towards the *Briſgow*, which has revived the Diſcourſe that they intend to lay Siege to *Fribourg*. Our laſt Advices from Prince *Lewis*'s Army ſay, they had finiſhed their Bridge over the *Danube*, and that part of his Forces had already paſſed over that River.

From the Camp at Val Noſtre-Dame, *Auguſt* 23. On the 14th Inſtant we marched from *Opheeren*, and encamped with our Right at *Feria*, and our Left at *Tourime*, where the *French* Army lay about two months ago, ours being then at *Haneff*: The Enemy had at that time raiſed ſeveral Batteries and Intrenchments for the Security of their Camp, which were ordered to be levelled, and 50 Men were drawn out of each Battalion to be employed in this Work, which they finiſhed by the next morning. The 15th we continued our March from *Tourime*, and encamped with our Right at *Fisfontaine*, and our Left at *Vignemont*, my Lord Duke of *Marlborough* having taken his Quarters at *Val Noſtre Dame*, on the *Mehaigne*, within half a League of *Huy*. His Grace went in the afternoon to ſee the Bridge lately made over the *Maeſe*, below the Town, for the Communication of our Forces. Upon the Approach of our Army, the Enemy's Troops that were in *Huy* broke down the Bridge between the two Towns, and retired into the Caſtle and Forts; whereupon his Grace ſent at night two Battalions of Foot, who took poſſeſſion of the Town on this ſide. This day the Guard which marched with our Bread-Wagons on the Left of our Line met with a *French* Party of 35 Men, whereof they killed 9, and brought in the reſt Priſoners. On the 16th, Lieutenant General *Sommerfeldt*, with 15 Battalions under his Command, and the Brigade of Dragoons commanded by Brigadier-General *Roſs*, marched over the *Mehaigne*, and they encamped near the *Maeſe*, to ſecure our Bridge, and to preſerve the Communication between our Army and the Troops that carry on the Siege on the other ſide; to whom a Reinforcement was ſent that day, of 10 Squadrons of Horſe, beſides 10 Squadrons and 15 Battalions that had been ordered thither before. The 17th, the Diſpoſition being made for opening the Trenches againſt the Forts *St. Joſeph* and *Picard*, the Prince of *Anhalt*, Major-General, who commanded the former of theſe Attacks, with 200 Workmen, and 150 Men to cover them, began to break Ground about 11 at night, and carried on the Trench 190 Paces, the Ground being very rocky: The Enemy ſoon diſcovered our Men, and kept continually firing, whereby two of our Soldiers were killed, and a Lieutenant, an Enſign, and 3 private Men more, were ſlightly wounded. The ſame evening 200 Men were ordered to attack the Town on the other ſide of the *Maeſe*, which the Governor pretended to defend, but about 4 in the morning thoſe in the Town retired into the Caſtle; whereupon the Lord *North and Gray* was ordered with his Regiment from the Town on this ſide of the *Maeſe*, to take poſſeſſion of that part they had quitted, which lies on the other ſide of the River, which his Lordſhip did accordingly, and has ſince been reinforced by another Battalion. The 18th, at night, the Trenches were opened before Fort *Picard*. The Enemy fired continually all night, both great and ſmall Shot, killed two of our Men, and wounded two more. The ſame night the Work againſt Fort *St. Joſeph* was advanced 26 Paces, with the Loſs only of one Man killed; and the 19th, at night, a Battery of two Mortars and 4 Haubitzers was raiſed on the right Hand of this Trench, about 450 Paces from the Glacis. A Battery was made at the ſame time on a riſing Ground that commands Fort *Picard*. That day, about one in the afternoon, a Magazine of the Enemy blew up in the Caſtle, wherein were ſeveral Bombs, and a good quantity of Powder, and (as we were informed by a Deſerter) 30 of their Men were blown up, with an Officer. The 21ſt the Trenches againſt Fort *St. Joſeph* were carried forward about 210 Paces; an Enſign, a Serjeant, and 8 private Men, were wounded. The ſame day our Battery, of 6 Mortars, began to play upon that Fort; and at night the Battery againſt Fort *Picard* was quite finiſhed, and we had 13 Cannon mounted, whereof 6 were 12, and 7 were 24 Pounders, which began to play early the next morning; one of the Gunners of this Battery had his Leg ſhot off, and a *Daniſh* Lieutenant, going to view it, was killed by a Cannon-ſhot from the Fort. A Battery of ſix 24 Pounders having been raiſed againſt Fort *St. Joſeph*, and another of 8 Mortars againſt Fort *Picard*, they began

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